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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/667,932	09/22/2000	Thomas Kissel	514429-3640	9309	
20999	7590 12/04/2001				
FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG			EXAMINER		
745 FIFTH AVENUE- 10TH FL. NEW YORK, NY 10151			NGUYEN, DA	UYEN, DAVE TRONG	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•			1633		
			DATE MAILED: 12/04/2001		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

9	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/667,932	KISSEL ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Dave Nguyen	1633			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
	s action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		prosecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disappr	oved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the partified environment.					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)					

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Election/Restriction

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

Group I. Claims 1-14, 20, 21-25, drawn to a vector comprising a LMW PEI and a DNA, and methods of making the vector, and use of the vector, classified in Class 435, and subclass 320.1, and class 514, subclass 44, for example.

Group II. Claims 27-31, drawn to the use of pharmaceutical compositions comprising a LMW PEI and a DNA, and an *in vivo* gene therapy method comprising the step of administering to any subject a vector comprising a LMW PEI and a DNA, classified in class 514, subclass 44.

Group III. Claims 26 and 33, drawn to an *ex vivo* gene therapy method comprising the step of administering to any subject genetically modified cells expressing a DNA which is transfected by a vector comprising a LMW PEI and the DNA, classified in Class 435, subclass 325, and Class 424, subclass 93.21.

Group IV. Claims 15-19, 32, drawn to a process for preparing a LMW PEI, pharmaceutical compositions comprising the LMW PEI, classified in class 424, subclass 486.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Group II and Group III employ distinct inventions for the reasons set forth below:

The *ex vivo* Gene therapy claimed in Groups III employs materially distinct step, *e.g.*, administration of genetically modified cells expressing a therapeutic protein and/or DNA, and the *in vivo* gene therapy cited in Group II comprises materially distinct steps, *e.g.*, *in vivo* administration of DNA sequences encoding a therapeutic protein and/or DNA to a subject or target cells from the subject. Thus, the materially distinct steps generate different modes of operation, and different effects.

Invention I and Invention II, and III are related as product and processes of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant

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case, the vectors of Invention I are not limited in the processes cited in inventions II to III and can be used for production of protein molecules and/or antibodies *in vitro* or expansion of genetically modified cells *in vitro*. Each is dinstinct in the art and is independently searched for prior art which would anticipate or render obvious each composition under 35 USC 102 or 103. In addition, considerations regarding 35 U.S.C. 112 are independent and distinct in its operation, function, and effect. Thus, it would be a serious burden for the examiner to search all claims of Inventions I, II, and III.

Groups I, II, III, and Group IV are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination of Group I which are also encompassed by the claimed processes of Groups III and IV does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed in Group IV, e.g., addition of boron trifluoride rather than addition of acid catalysts. The specific subcombination as recited in the claimed invention of Group IV has separate utility such as the use of the LMW PEI repared by the process of claim 19 in the delivery of drugs and proteins.

Should Group I be elected, this application also contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention:

- 1/ The vector of claim 1 which is a viral nucleic construct; and
- 2/ The vector of claim 1 which is a non viral construct.

Applicant is further required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claim 1 is generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

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Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Should Group I be elected, this application also contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention:

The effector gene of claim 7, 8, and 9, in which the effector gene is selected from the group consisting of the coding sequence of a pharmacological active compound or its prodrug form, the coding sequence of an enzyme; the coding sequence of a fusion protein comprising an enzyme fused to a cellspecific ligand.

Applicant is further required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1 and 6 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed Art Unit: 1633

generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Should Group I be elected, this application also contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention:

- The vector of claim 1 wherein the ratio by weight of LMW PEI to nucleic acid is 3:1 or more.
- The vector of claim 1 wherein the ratio by weight of LMW PEI to nucleic acid is 8:1 or more.

Applicant is further required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1 and 6 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of

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the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their divergent subject matter, fall into different statutory classes of invention, and are separately classified and searched, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the response to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a diligently-filed petition under 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(h).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications regarding the formalities should be directed to Patent Analyst Kimberly Davis, whose telephone number is **(703) 305-3015**.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner *Dave Nguyen* whose telephone number is **(703) 305-2024**.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, *Deborah Clark*, may be reached at **(703)** 305-4051.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the *Group receptionist* whose telephone number is **(703) 308-0196**.

Dave Nguyen
Patent Examiner

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DAVET. NGUYEN PRIMARY EXAMINER